



Safety Precautions

Detailed safety precautions:

Please read all safety precautions and operating instructions before attempting to operate the unit. Keep all safety precautions and operating instructions for future reference.

Water and moisture:

Condenser microphones are extremely moisture-sensitive. Never use your microphone in close proximity to water (e.g. bath tubs, wash basins, sinks, washing machines, pools, etc.).

Damage:

Take care not to drop your microphone as this can lead to severe damage. JZ Microphones assumes no liability for any damage caused by the user.

Service and care:

After each use, remove the microphone from its mount and wipe the microphone down with a soft cloth and place it back into its protective casing (included with the microphone).

Never open the microphone as it will void warranty!

Refer all servicing to qualified and manufacturer's appointed personnel. Servicing is required when the microphone is damaged in any way, such as liquid has been spilled or objects have been fallen into the microphone, the microphone has been exposed to rain or moisture, microphone does not operate normally or has been dropped. Never remove grille covers in order to service microphone capsule. The capsule system does not contain any user serviceable parts.

Usage:

Only use attachments or accessories specified by the manufacturer. Check if packing contains all of the items listed. If any of these items are missing, contact your nearest JZ Microphones dealer or JZ Microphones directly.

Always turn down the levels (means no sound) of the microphone preamp or console while connecting or disconnecting the microphone to avoid possible damage to your speakers or headphones and your hearing.

Vintage series microphones set up

1. Firmly hold the wooden case and use your thumbs to open it. (see pictures)





2. Remove the shipping screw from the back of your Vintage series microphone. To unscrew the shipping screw use appropriate screw driver. When it is done you can mount the microphone on the microphone stand.





Vintage series microphones set up

3. To position your Vintage series microphones release the swivel mount by turning the fixing ring counterclockwise, to fix the microphone position, turn the fixing ring clockwise. (see picture)



4. If you can't release the fixing ring, hold the swivel mount and gently turn the microphone counterclockwise. (see picture)



All Vintage series microphones come in a wooden case.



Vintage series packing includes:

- 1 x Wooden case
- 1 x Vintage series microphone
- 1 x Owners Manual
- 1 x Warranty sheet

Installation:

Before using Vintage series microphone very carefully remove the shipping screw located at the back of your Vintage microphone otherwise it will not function properly.

There is removable adapter in microphone's swivel mount which lets you mount it on mic stands with either metric (Europe) or imperial-gauge threads (North America). Make sure that your microphone is standing safe on the shock-mount.

The angle of the microphone to the sound source influences the sound of your recording; therefore, experiment with different positions until you achieve the desired sound.

As all our microphones are extremely high quality, we recommend to use a highest quality balanced XLR microphone cables in connection with highest quality microphone preamps to grant cleanest signal path from the sound source to your recording equipment.

Vintage series microphone models

The Vintage series includes 4 microphone models with different capsule designs which gives you 4 unique sounds.

V47

Large diaphragm condenser microphone GDC47 capsule Class A discrete electronics Fixed cardioid polar pattern 5 year warranty

V67

Large diaphragm condenser microphone GDC67 capsule Class A discrete electronics Fixed cardioid polar pattern 5 year warranty

V12

Large diaphragm condenser microphone GDC12 capsule Class A discrete electronics Fixed cardioid polar pattern 5 year warranty

V11

Large diaphragm condenser microphones GDC11 Class A discrete electronics Fixed cardioid polar patter Included shock mounted holder 5 year warranty

All Vintage series microphones operate on 48 volt phantom power.

The Golden Drop Capsule (GDC)

One of the most important components in every microphone is the capsule, its design and how it transforms the reproduced sound in to electric energy, giving a soul to your recording.

Golden Drop technology is Innovative capsules diaphragm sputtering method, where a lot of tiny and different sized golden dots are systematically sputtered on the capsules diaphragm. It is invention of Juris Zarins and is applied to most of JZ Microphones products.

Advantages of Golden Drop technology

With applied Golden Drop technology, capsules diaphragm is lighter therefore it moves and gets to its default position faster than the same capsules diaphragm without Golden Drop technology, imagine handling the truck compared to sports car, in other words lighter diaphragm can detect and deliver much faster changes in musical content.

It gives more clarity, precision, less colorations and distortions in frequency response. When applied, Golden Drop technology can improve the sonic characteristics of any type of ordinary capsule giving more realistic picture of your recording.

Vintage Series microphones use 4 types of GDC

- 1. V47 Double large diaphragm 25 mm GDC (GDC47)
 GDC47 is double large diaphragm Golden Drop microphone capsule.
 GDC47 is applied only to our fixed cardioid V47 microphones.
- 2. V67 Double large diaphragm 25 mm GDC (GDC67) GDC67 is double large diaphragm Golden Drop microphone capsule. GDC67 is applied only to our fixed cardioid V67 microphones.
- 3. V12 Double large diaphragm 25 mm GDC (GDC12) GDC12 is double large diaphragm Golden Drop microphone capsule. GDC12 is applied only to our fixed cardioid V12 microphones.
- 4. V11 Double large diaphragm 27 mm GDC (GDC11)
 GDC11 is double large diaphragm Golden Drop microphone capsule
 GDC11 is applied only to our fixed cardioid V11 microphones.

Innovative Vintage GDC's were developed for our Vintage series microphones to deliver the captured sound field from Vintage type capsules in more accurate way.

Electronics

All JZ Microphones products use Class A discrete electronics, where all components are tested and measured for a maximum performance and grants to the audio signal cleanest path and extremely low self noise properties before any recording gear. All components are hand soldered by our engineers to avoid overheating of selected parts. While soldering the components, either it is done by un-experienced engineer or bad programmed machine, overheating can ruin specifications of very carefully selected electronic part.

Vintage series microphones are tube-less at this point, therefore electronic circuit is designed to work perfectly without tube as modern electronics is developed to manage the signal path without it.

Vintage series microphones are transformer-less, therefore electronics are designed to have maximum performance with minimum noise without the transformer.

Vintage series microphones share basically the same electronic parts. Every Vintage series microphone use component selection with tolerance 1.5 % in differences between them (only 35% of 1000 parts can pass 1.5% tolerance test)

Electronic circuit design and component selection for every JZ Microphones product is done according to the capsule properties and its special needs to grant the best possible performance and extremely low self noise before any gear in the recording chain.

Technical Specifications

V47, V67 & V12 series microphones

Transducer type	electrostatic
Operating principal	pressure gradient
Diaphragms active diameter	25 mm
Frequency range	20 Hz to 20 kHz
Polar pattern	Cardioid
Output impedance	50 ohms
Rated load impedance	1000 ohms
Suggested load impedance	>500 ohms
Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load	22 mV/Pa
S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted	76 dB
S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted	87 dB-A
Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted	6 dB-A
Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load	134 dB
Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier	128 dB
Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR	+48 V (+/-4 V)
Current consumption	2 mA
Output connector	3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts
Signal polarity	positive toward pressure on a frontal
	diaphragm produces positive polarity
	voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to
	pin #3

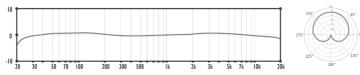
V11 series microphones

Transducer type Operating principal Diaphragms active diameter Frequency range Polar pattern Output impedance Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity electrostatic pressure gradient 27 mm Cardioid Outpu to 20 kHz Cardioid Oohms So ohms Sensitivity at 1000 ohms So ohms Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load 22 mV/Pa S/N 848-A S-5 dB-A S-7,5 dB-A S		
Diaphragms active diameter Frequency range Polar pattern Cardioid Output impedance Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity Diaphragms active diameter 27 mm 20 Hz to 20 kHz Cardioid 1000 ohms 20 ohms 22 mV/Pa 5/5 dB 87,5 dB 87,5 dB-A 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 dB 948 V (+/-4 V) 48 V (+/-4 V) 49 V (-/-4 V) 40 V (-/-4 V) 40 V (-/-4 V) 41 V (-/-4 V) 42 V (-/-4 V) 43 V (-/-4 V) 44 V (-/-4 V) 45 V (-/-4 V) 46 V (-/-4 V) 47 V (-/-4 V) 48 V (-/-4 V) 49 V (-/-4 V) 59 V (-/-4 V) 59 V (-/-4 V) 60 V (-/-4 V) 61 V (-/-4 V) 62 V (-/-4 V) 63 V (-/-4 V) 64 V (-/-4 V) 65 V (-/-4 V) 67 V (-/-4 V) 68 V (-/-4 V) 69 V (-/-4 V) 69 V (-/-4 V) 60 V (-/-4 V) 60 V (-/-4 V) 61 V	Transducer type	electrostatic
Frequency range Polar pattern Cardioid Output impedance Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 20 Hz to 20 kHz Cardioid Cardioid 1000 ohms S0 ohms S2 mV/Pa S7.5 dB S7.5 dB S7.5 dB-A Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted 6,5 dB-A Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity District 20 kHz S0 ohms S4 ohms S7.5 dB S7.5 dB S7.5 dB-A S7.5 dB	Operating principal	pressure gradient
Polar pattern Output impedance Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity Cardioid So ohms Sensitivity at 1000 ohms 22 mV/Pa S/N 846 A6,5 dB A76,5 dB A76,5 dB A76,5 dB A76,5 dB A76,5 dB A77,5 dB A77,5 dB A78,7 dB A79,7 dB A7	Diaphragms active diameter	27 mm
Output impedance Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity S0 ohms 1000 ohms 22 mV/Pa 87,5 dB 87,5 dB 87,5 dB-A 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 d	Frequency range	20 Hz to 20 kHz
Rated load impedance Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 1000 ohms 22 mV/Pa 87,5 dB 6,5 dB 87,5 dB-A 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 dB 12	Polar pattern	Cardioid
Suggested load impedance Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity Symbol S	Output impedance	50 ohms
Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity Sensitive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Rated load impedance	1000 ohms
S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted A76,5 dB A7,5 dB-A 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 dB +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Suggested load impedance	>500 ohms
S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 87,5 dB-A 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 dB +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Sensitivity at 1000 Hz into 1000 ohms load	22 mV/Pa
Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 6,5 dB-A 134 dB 128 dB +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	S/N Ratio CCIR 468-3 weighted	76,5 dB
Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 134 dB 128 dB +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	S/N Ratio DIN/IEC 651 A-weighted	87,5 dB-A
Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity 128 dB +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Equivalent noise level DIN/IEC A-weighted	6,5 dB-A
Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR Current consumption Output connector Signal polarity Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR +48 V (+/-4 V) < 2 mA 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Maximum SPL for 0.5% THD at 1000 ohm load	134 dB
Current consumption < 2 mA Output connector 3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts Signal polarity positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Dynamic range of the microphone preamplifier	128 dB
Output connector Signal polarity Signal polari	Phantom powering voltage on pins 2 & 3 of XLR	+48 V (+/-4 V)
Signal polarity positive toward pressure on a frontal diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Current consumption	< 2 mA
diaphragm produces positive polarity voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Output connector	3-pin XLR male, gold plated contacts
voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to	Signal polarity	positive toward pressure on a frontal
		diaphragm produces positive polarity
pin #3		voltage on XLR pin #2 relatively to
		pin #3

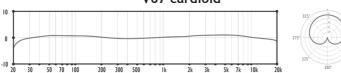


Frequency response graphs

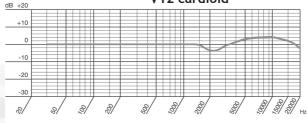
V47 cardioid



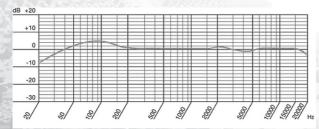
V67 cardioid



V12 cardioid



V11 cardioid



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